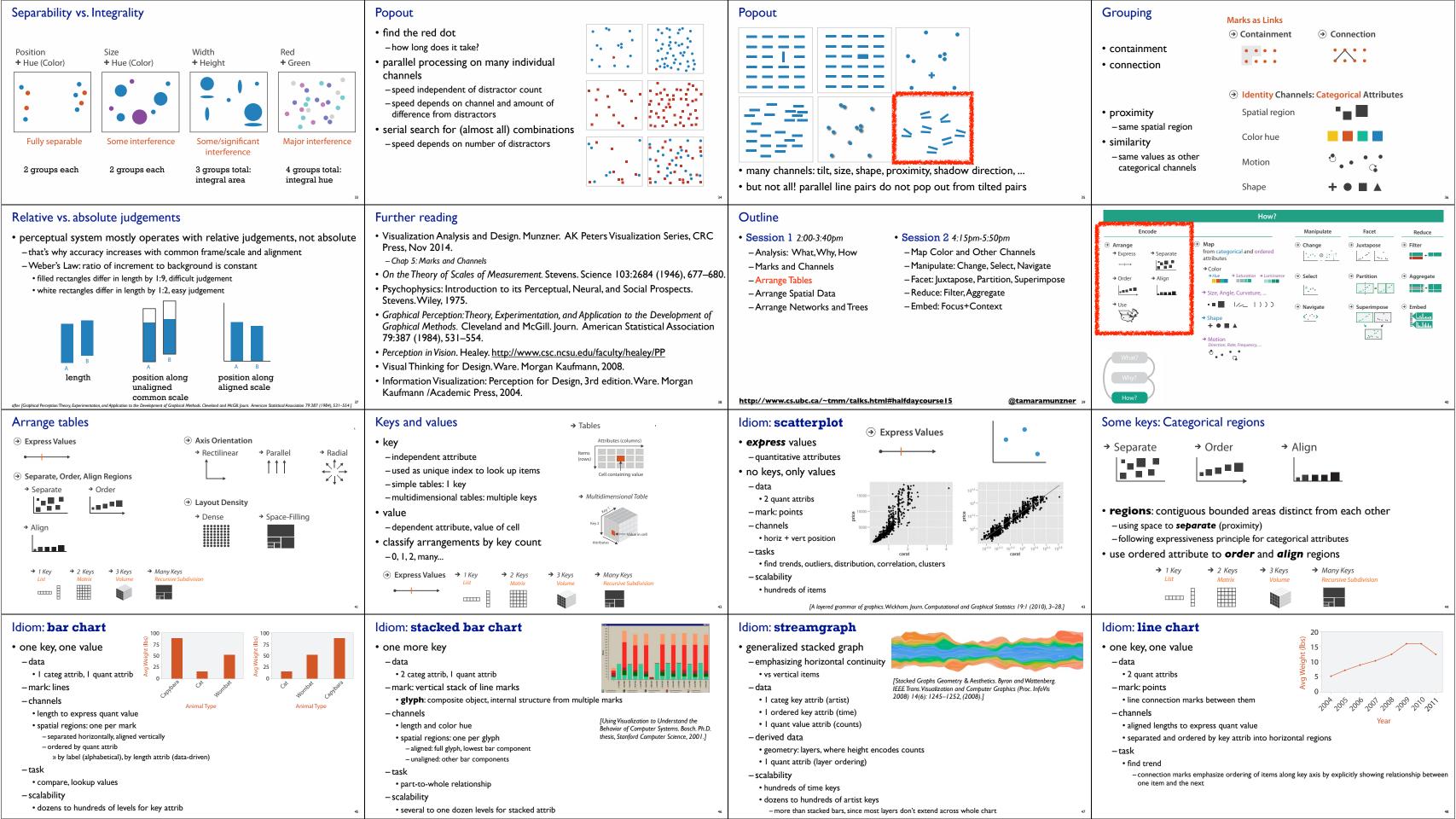
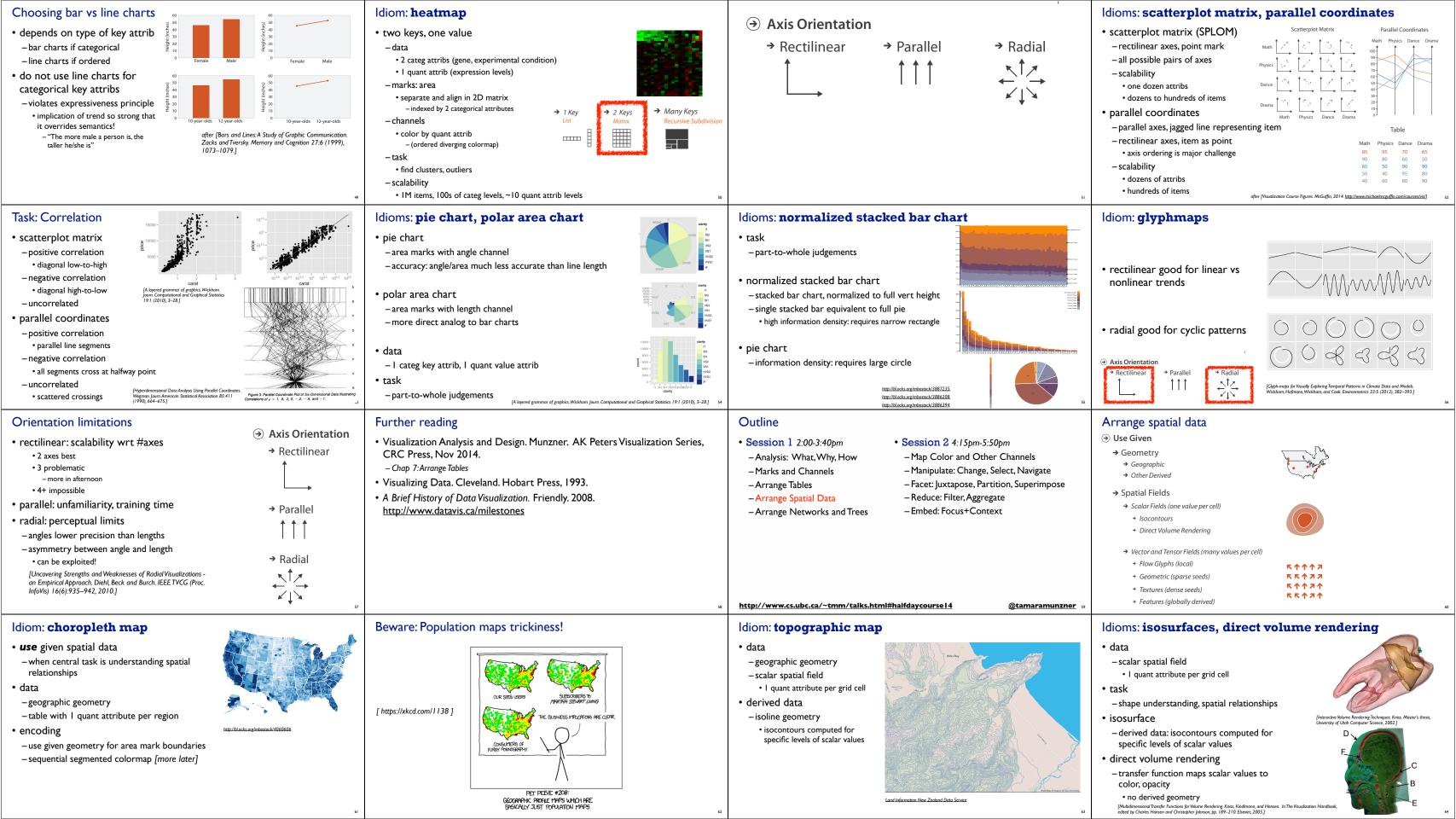


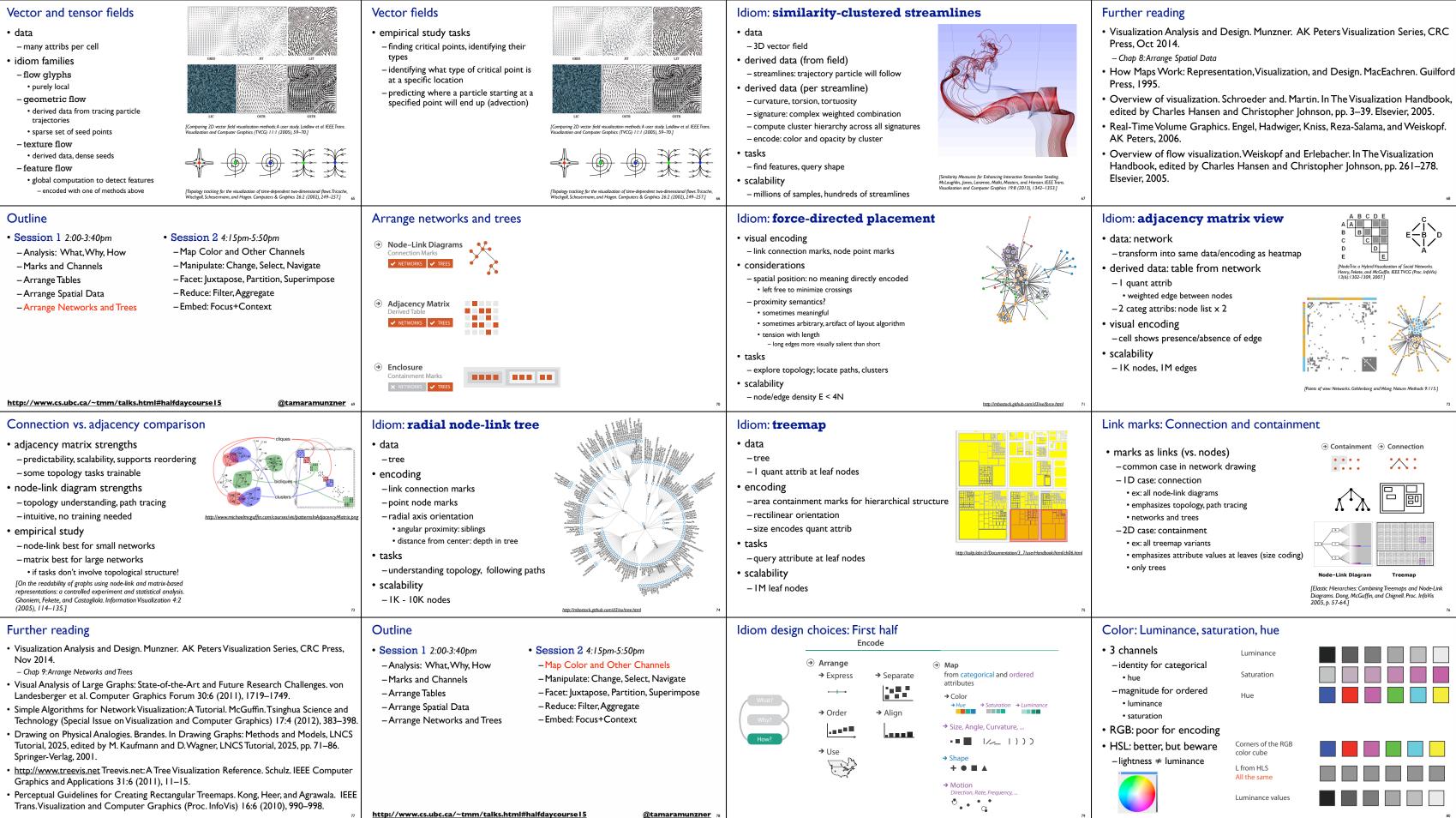
Reduce (a) Filter (b) Aggregate (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c)	<ul> <li>Further reading</li> <li>Visualization Analysis and Design. Munzner. AK Peters Visualization Series, CRC Press, Nov 2014. <ul> <li>Chap 1:What's Vis, and Why Do It?</li> <li>Chap 2:What: Data Abstraction</li> <li>Chap 3:Why:Task Abstraction</li> </ul> </li> <li>A Multi-Level Typology of Abstract Visualization Tasks. Brehmer and Munzner. IEEE Trans. Visualization and Computer Graphics (Proc. InfoVis) 19:12 (2013), 2376–2385.</li> <li>Low-Level Components of Analytic Activity in Information Visualization. Amar, Eagan, and Stasko. Proc. IEEE InfoVis 2005, p 111–117.</li> <li>A taxonomy of tools that support the fluent and flexible use of visualizations. Heer and Shneiderman. Communications of the ACM 55:4 (2012), 45–54.</li> <li>Rethinking Visualization: A High-Level Taxonomy. Tory and Möller. Proc. IEEE InfoVis 2004, p 151–158.</li> <li>Visualization of Time-Oriented Data. Aigner, Miksch, Schumann, and Tominski. Springer, 2011.</li> </ul>
19	<ul> <li>Definitions: Marks and channels</li> <li>marks <ul> <li>geometric primitives</li> <li>channels</li> <li>control appearance of marks</li> <li>can redundantly code with multiple channels</li> <li>interactions</li> <li>point marks only convey position; no area constraints</li> <li>can be size and shape coded</li> <li>line marks convey position and length <ul> <li>can only be size coded in ID (width)</li> <li>area marks fully constrained</li> <li>cannot be size or shape coded</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>
ble characteristics	Channels: Rankings            • Magnitude Channels: Ordered Attributes          Position on common scale          Position on unaligned scale          Length (1D size)          Tilt/angle          Area (2D size)          Depth (3D position)          Color luminance          Color saturation          Curvature          Volume (3D size)          Volume (3D size)
ıg Graphical ing Mechanical Turk alization Design. tock. Proc. ACM Factors in stems (CHII) 2010,	<section-header>Discriminability: How many usable steps? • must be sufficient for number of attribute levels to show • linewidth: few bins</section-header>

after Michael McGuffin course slides. http://brofs.etsmtl.co/mmcguffin/

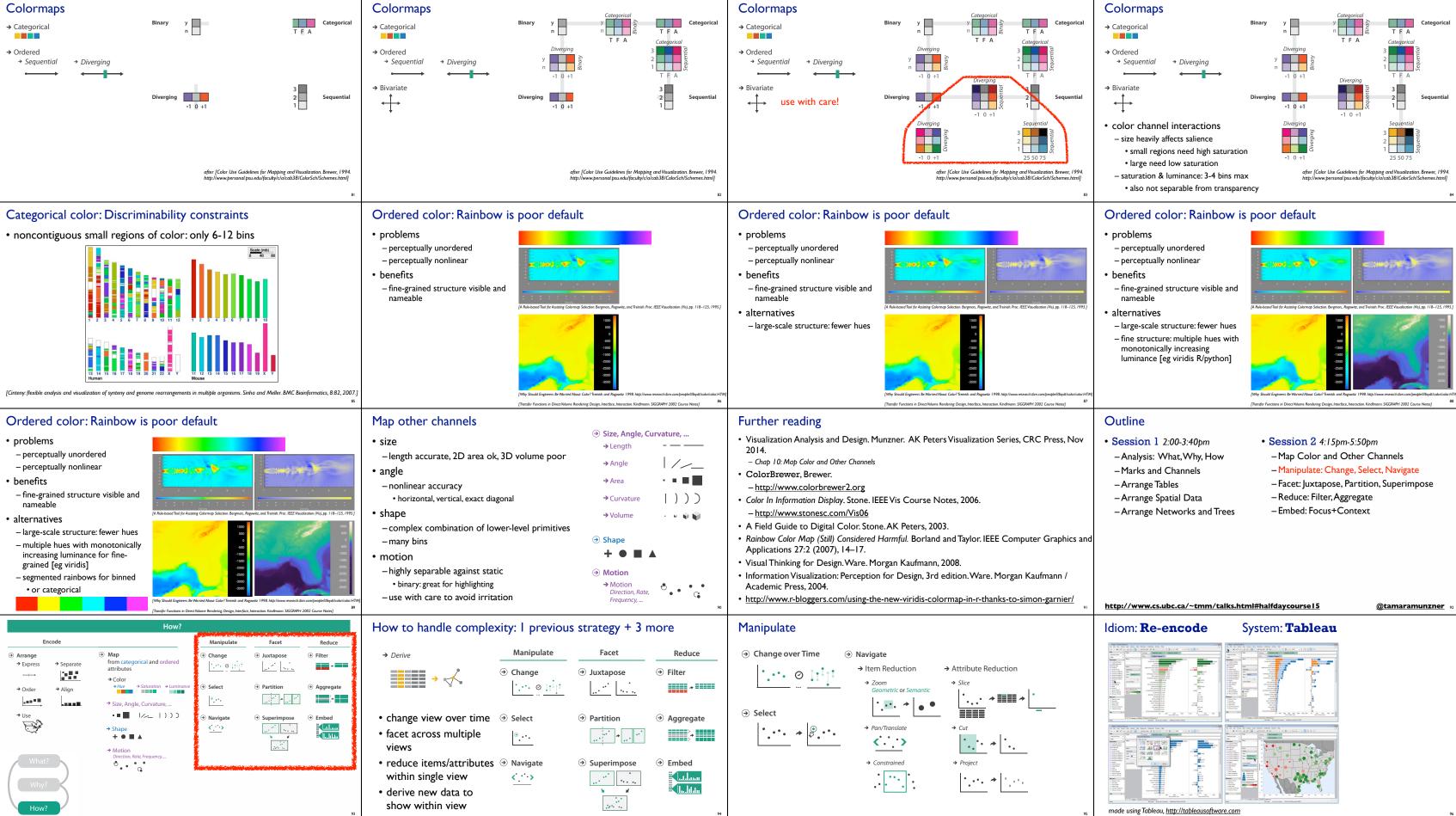
31

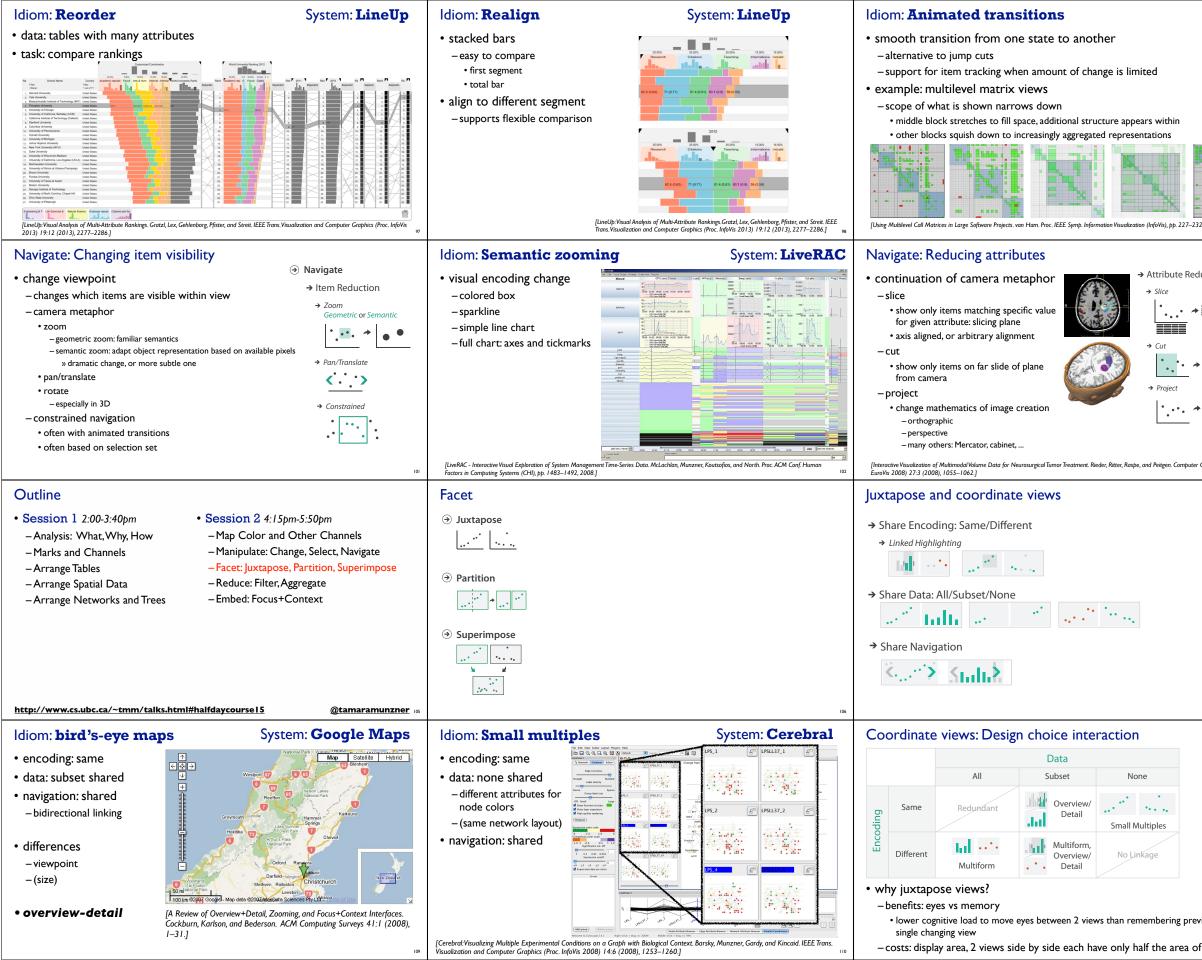




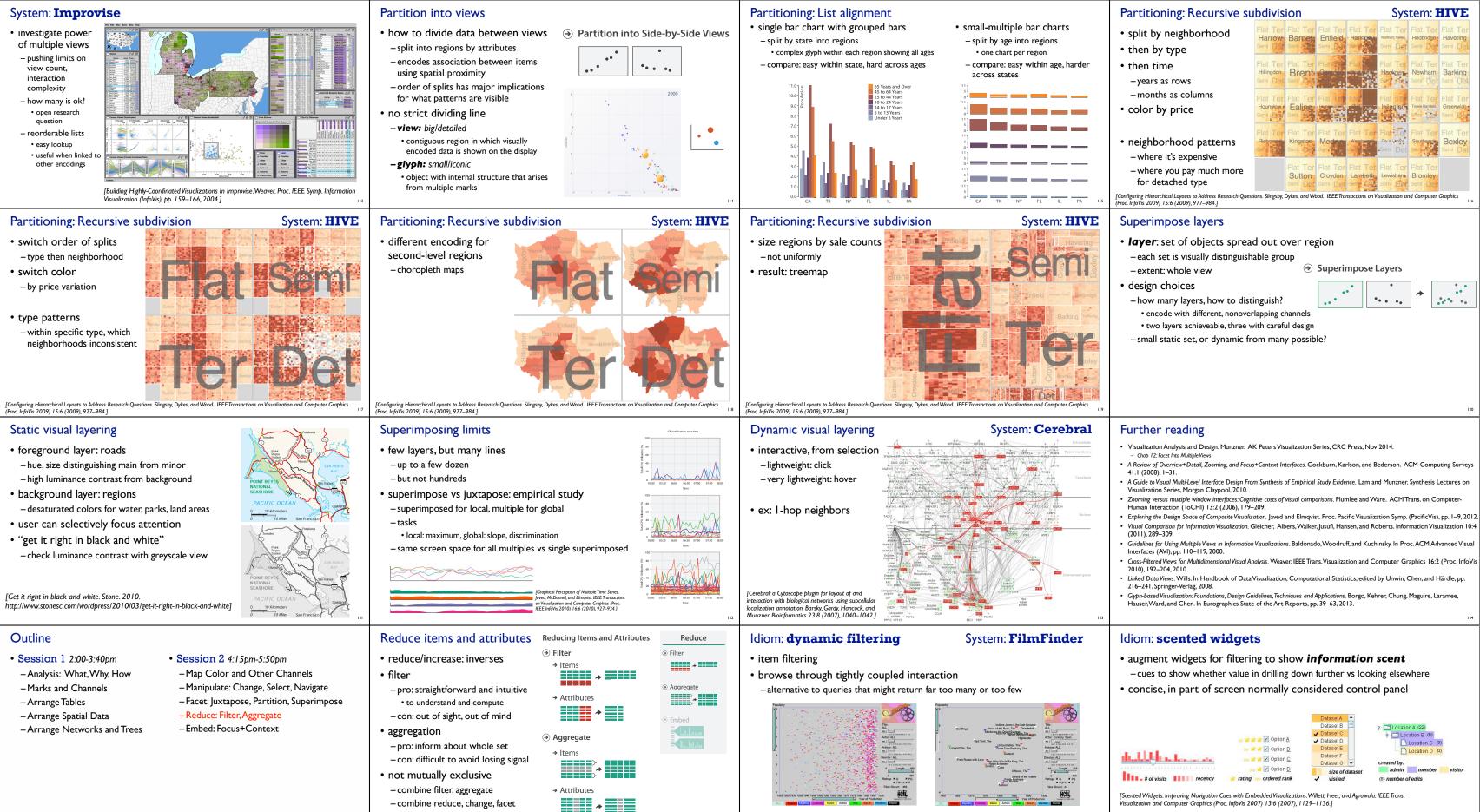






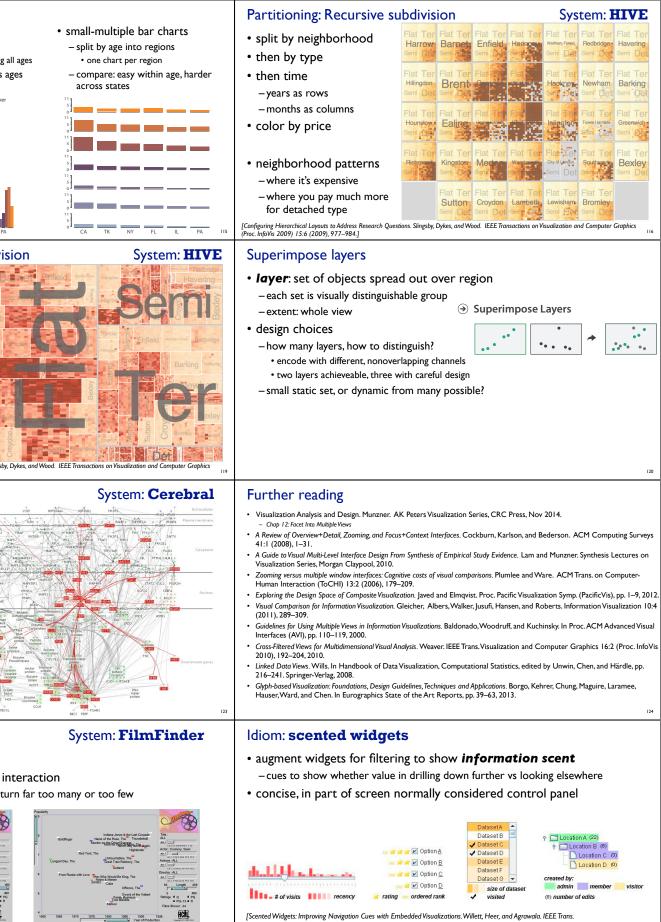


	Select and highlight		t		
32,2003.]	<ul> <li>selection: basic operation for most</li> <li>design choices <ul> <li>how many selection types?</li> <li>click vs hover: heavyweight, lightweight</li> <li>primary vs secondary: semantics (eg sour</li> </ul> </li> <li>highlight: change visual encoding fo <ul> <li>color</li> <li>limitation: existing color coding hidden</li> <li>other channels (eg motion)</li> <li>add explicit connection marks betwee</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	ce/target) ^ selection targets	••• *		
	Further reading				
duction ▶ ▋▋█ ♪ │・ 	<ul> <li>Visualization Analysis and Design. Munzner. AK Peters Visualization Series, CRC Press, Nov 2014.</li> <li><i>- Chap 11: Manipulate View</i></li> <li>Animated Transitions in Statistical Data Graphics. Heer and Robertson. IEEE Trans. on Visualization and Computer Graphics (Proc. InfoVis07) 13:6 (2007), 1240–</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>.</li> </ul>	<ul><li>1247.</li><li>Selection: 524,288 Ways to Say "This is</li></ul>	Interesting". Wills. Pro	c. IEEE Symp.		
♦ <sup>1</sup> , 1, 1	<ul> <li>Information Visualization (InfoVis), pp. 54–61, 1996.</li> <li>Smooth and efficient zooming and panning. van Wijk and Nuij. Proc. IEEE Symp. Information Visualization (InfoVis), pp. 15–22, 2003.</li> </ul>				
er Graphics Forum (Proc.	<ul> <li>Starting Simple - adding value to static and Ellis. Proc. Advanced Visual Interf</li> </ul>				
	ldiom: Linked highlighting		System: <b>EDV</b>		
107	<ul> <li>see how regions contiguous in one view are distributed within another         <ul> <li>powerful and pervasive interaction idiom</li> <li>encoding: different                 <ul></ul></li></ul></li></ul>	Understand       Understand         Understand       U	United to the set of the		
107	<ul> <li>see how regions contiguous in one view are distributed within another</li> <li>powerful and pervasive interaction idiom</li> <li>encoding: different - multiform</li> <li>data: all shared</li> </ul>	Bits/vars C	fills. Proc. New Techniques ress, 1995.]		
vious state with	<ul> <li>see how regions contiguous in one view are distributed within another         <ul> <li>powerful and pervasive interaction idiom</li> <li>encoding: different                 - multiform</li> <li>data: all shared</li> </ul> </li> <li>Why not animation?</li> <li>disparate frames and regions: comparison difficult         <ul> <li>vs contiguous frames</li> <li>vs contiguous frames</li> <li>vs coherent motion of group</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Bits/vars C	fills. Proc. New Techniques ress, 1995.]		
	<ul> <li>see how regions contiguous in one view are distributed within another         <ul> <li>powerful and pervasive interaction idiom</li> <li>encoding: different                 - multiform</li> <li>data: all shared</li> </ul> </li> <li>Why not animation?</li> <li>disparate frames and regions: comparison difficult                 - vs contiguous frames                 - vs small region                 - vs coherent motion of group</li> <li>safe special case</li> </ul>	Ll37_1	is the second		



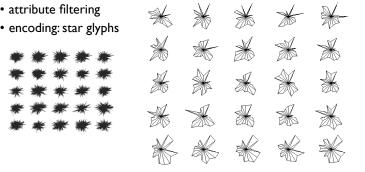
http://www.cs.ubc.ca/~tmm/talks.html#halfdaycoursel5

@tamaramunzner

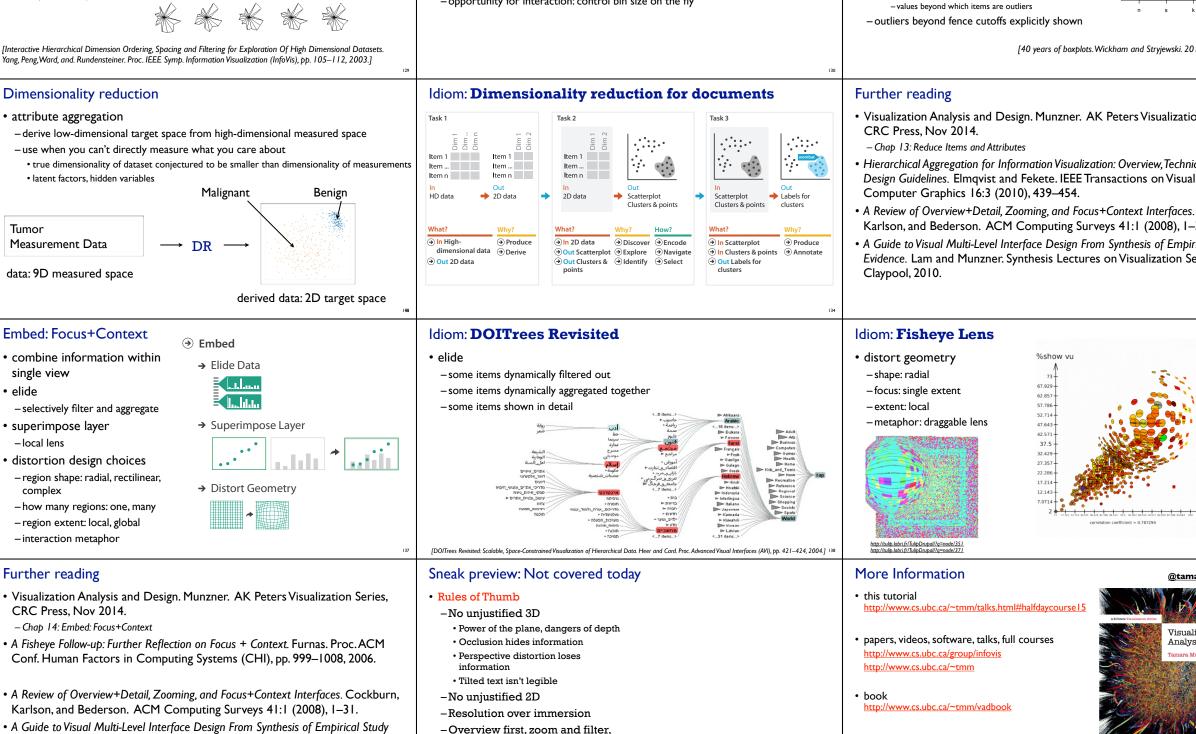


[Visual information seeking: Tight coupling of dynamic query filters with starfield displays. Ahlberg and Shneiderman Proc. ACM Conf. on Human Factors in Computing Systems (CHI), pp. 313–317, 1994.]





[Interactive Hierarchical Dimension Ordering, Spacing and Filtering for Exploration Of High Dimensional Datasets. Yang, Peng, Ward, and. Rundensteiner. Proc. IEEE Symp. Information Visualization (InfoVis), pp. 105-112, 2003.]



• A Guide to Visual Multi-Level Interface Design From Synthesis of Empirical Study Evidence. Lam and Munzner. Synthesis Lectures on Visualization Series, Morgan Claypool, 2010.

## Idiom: histogram

static item aggregation

details on demand

-Function first, form next

- task: find distribution
- data: table
- derived data

- new table: keys are bins, values are counts

- bin size crucial
- -pattern can change dramatically depending on discretization

-opportunity for interaction: control bin size on the fly

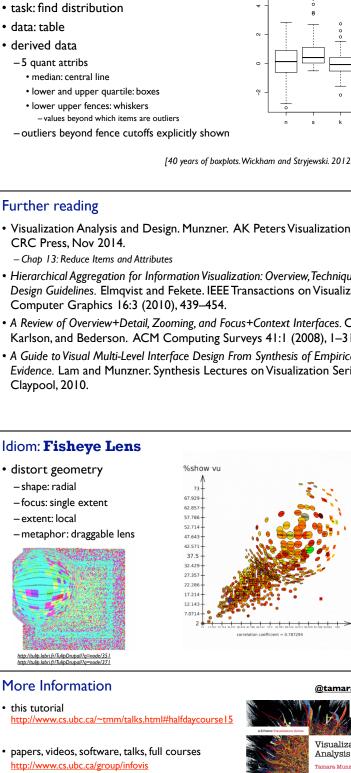
## Idiom: **boxplot**

• data: table

derived data

-5 quant attribs • median: central line

static item aggregation



 acknowledgements -illustrations: Eamonn Maguire

Munzner, A K Peters Visualization Series, CRC Press.

	Idiom: Hierarchical parallel coordinates				
0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	<ul> <li>• dynamic item aggregation</li> <li>• derived data: <i>hierarchical clustering</i></li> <li>• encoding: <ul> <li>- cluster band with variable transparency, line at mean, width by min/max values</li> <li>- color by proximity in hierarchy:</li> </ul> </li> <li> To for for for for for for for for for fo</li></ul>				
	Outline				
tion Series,		• Session 2 4:15pm-5:			
niques and nalization and es. Cockburn, 1–31. birical Study Series, Morgan	– Analysis: What, Why, How – Marks and Channels – Arrange Tables – Arrange Spatial Data – Arrange Networks and Trees	<ul> <li>Map Color and Othe</li> <li>Manipulate: Change,</li> <li>Facet: Juxtapose, Par</li> <li>Reduce: Filter, Aggreg</li> <li>Embed: Focus+Cont</li> </ul>	Select, Navigate tition, Superimpose gate		
135	http://www.cs.ubc.ca/~tmm/talks.html#h	alfdaycourse   5	@tamaramunzner 136		
±n →%flop vu	<ul> <li>Distortion costs and benefits</li> <li>benefits         <ul> <li>combine focus and context information in single view</li> <li>costs</li> <li>length comparisons impaired                 <ul> <li>network/tree topology comparisons unaffected: connection, containment</li> <li>effects of distortion unclear if original structure unfamiliar</li> <li>object constancy/tracking maybe impaired</li></ul></li></ul></li></ul>	fisheye lens	magnifying lens		
maramunzner	протпация изаалізация (ту), pp. 323–330, 2010.]				
Alization lysis & Design					