Guidelines for Effective Usage of Text Highlighting Techniques

Hendrik Strobelt, Daniela Oelke, Bum Chul Kwon, Tobias Schreck, Hanspeter Pfister
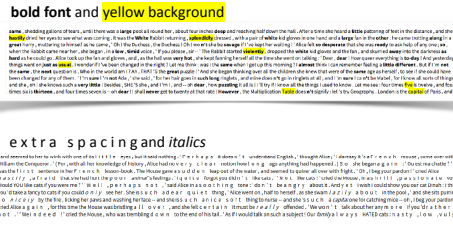
presented by Jordon Johnson

Many text vis tools…

http://textvis.lnu.se/

… but sometimes need to read text with annotations (WHY)

bold font and <mark>yellow background</mark>

e x t r a   s p a c i n g and *italics*

Design study…-ish

- Elicits requirements from domain experts
  - separate interviews with 5 NLP experts
- Carries out user studies to evaluate techniques
- All evaluated techniques have been in use for decades
  - similar to a study of the relative effectiveness of different marks and channels

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Requirements (WHAT)

Annotations can be:

- **statistical**
  - word length
- **syntactic**
  - parts-of-speech
- **semantic**
  - sentiment tags
- **structural**
  - page margins
- **domain-specific**
  - proper names

- **categorical**
- **ordered**
- **quantitative**
- **boolean**

- **of any textual scope**
- **overlapping**

Pop-out is key

Characters/words are marks that are fairly densely packed and regularly spaced, and that already make use of some visual channels

To make highlighting detectable, need to **maximize pop-out**

Common highlighting techniques (HOW)

Technique	Use	Typical variations	Used in our studies
Font color	c q	Saturation, luminance, hue	Red color (rgb(127,26,28))
Background color	c q	Saturation, luminance, hue	Bright yellow (rgb(255,255,50))
Underlined	c q	Styles, thicknesses	Single underline
fine SIZE	- q	% increase	150% increase
Font style	- -	Italics, subscript,...	Italics
Font weight	- -	Font weight	bold font
Rectangular border	- -	Styles of border, lines, thickness	Single border
S p a c e d o u t f o n t	- q	Letter spacing	5px spacing
Text shadow	- -	Offset, intensity,...	CSS: text-shadow: 4px 4px 3px rgb(50, 50, 50);
Font family	(c) -	Sans-serif, Times, Helvetica,...	—
CAPITALIZATION	- -	Small caps, large caps	—
Strike-through	- -	True, false	—
* Blinking *	- -	True, false	—

- Each technique can also encode boolean features (scope of paper limited to this consideration)
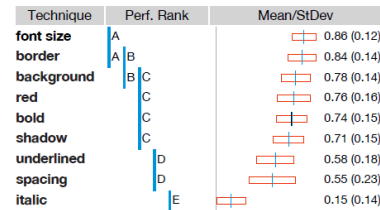- 9 techniques used in user studies

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3 User Studies

- Performed using Amazon Mechanical Turk
- **Analysis techniques: ANOVA** and **Tukey HSD**
- **Unwanted variation**
  - **Individual difference:** normalized each participant's responses with respect to their performance range
  - **Learning curve:** discarded first trials in first study, added training trials in others
  - **Fatigue effects:** not observed

Study 1: Ranking Techniques

- **Goal: rank** techniques with respect to pop-out
- 673 words, 20 randomly highlighted
  - Find as many highlighted words as possible within a time limit
- 45 participants
- 3 trials per technique (27 trials total) per participant
  - trials ordered randomly

Study 1 - results

Technique	Perf. Rank	Mean/StDev
font size	A	0.86 (0.12)
border	A B	0.84 (0.14)
background	B C	0.78 (0.14)
red	C	0.76 (0.16)
bold	C	0.74 (0.15)
shadow	C	0.71 (0.15)
underlined	D	0.58 (0.18)
spacing	D	0.55 (0.23)
italic	E	0.15 (0.14)

Study 1 - discussion

Possible explanations of strong results:

- Increased font size: sticks out from cap line, fill white space
- Border: makes the target appear larger
- Colour: strong pop-out effect
  - <mark>background</mark> may outperform text colour because coloured area is larger

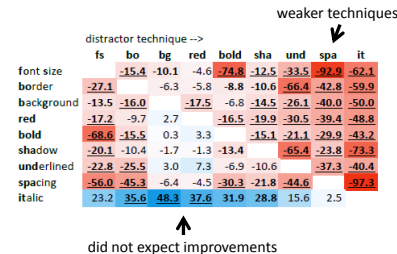---

Study 1 - discussion

Possible explanations of weak results:

- Letter spacing: already a n o r m a l feature of text
- Italics: slanted character *features* already found in text

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Study 2: Search with Distractor

- **Goal:** determine how different techniques (A,B) **interfere** when used in the same text
  - Is relative strength of techniques a factor?
- 20 highlighted words for each of A, B, A+B
  - must choose words highlighted only with A
- 30 participants
- All pairs of techniques tried (72 trials total) per participant
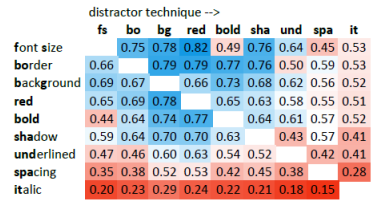

Study 2 - results

weaker techniques

distractor technique -->	fs	bo	bg	red	bold	sha	und	spa	it
font size		-15.4	-10.1	-4.6	-74.8	-12.5	-33.5	-92.9	-62.1
border	-27.1		-6.3	-5.8	-8.8	-10.6	-66.4	-42.8	-59.9
background	-13.5	-16.0		-17.5	-6.8	-14.5	-26.1	-40.0	-50.0
red	-17.2	-9.7	2.7		-16.5	-19.9	-30.5	-39.4	-48.8
bold	-68.6	-15.5	0.3	3.3		-15.1	-21.1	-29.9	-43.2
shadow	-20.1	-10.4	-1.7	-1.3	-13.4		-65.4	-23.8	-73.3
underlined	-22.8	-25.5	3.0	7.3	-6.9	-10.6		-37.3	-40.4
spacing	-56.0	-45.3	-6.4	-4.5	-30.3	-21.8	-44.6		-97.3
italic	23.2	35.6	48.3	37.6	31.9	28.8	15.6	2.5	

did not expect improvements

Study 2 - results

distractor technique -->	fs	bo	bg	red	bold	sha	und	spa	it
font size		0.75	0.78	0.82	0.49	0.76	0.64	0.45	0.53
border	0.66		0.79	0.77	0.76	0.70	0.50	0.59	0.53
background	0.69	0.67		0.66	0.73	0.68	0.62	0.56	0.52
red	0.65	0.69	0.78		0.65	0.63	0.58	0.55	0.51
bold	0.44	0.64	0.74	0.77		0.64	0.61	0.57	0.52
shadow	0.59	0.64	0.70	0.70	0.63		0.43	0.57	0.41
underlined	0.47	0.46	0.60	0.63	0.54	0.52		0.42	0.41
spacing	0.35	0.38	0.52	0.53	0.42	0.45	0.38		0.28
italic	0.20	0.23	0.29	0.24	0.21	0.21	0.18	0.15	

Fig. 8: Absolute performance values of Study 2 (referenced as Matrix M2).

Study 2 - results

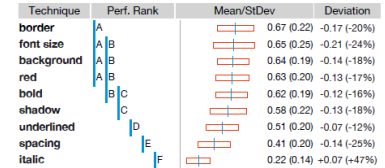| Technique	Perf. Rank	Mean/StDev	Deviation
border	A	0.67 (0.22)	-0.17 (-20%)
font size	A B	0.65 (0.25)	-0.21 (-24%)
background	A B	0.64 (0.19)	-0.14 (-18%)
red	A B	0.63 (0.20)	-0.13 (-17%)
bold	B C	0.62 (0.19)	-0.12 (-16%)
shadow	C	0.58 (0.22)	-0.13 (-18%)
underlined	D	0.51 (0.20)	-0.07 (-12%)
spacing	E	0.41 (0.20)	-0.14 (-25%)
italic	F	0.22 (0.14)	+0.07 (+47%)

Fig. 5: Performance rank of target highlighting with a distractor (Study 2). The column *Deviation* reports the Deviation of the Mean Score from Study 1 (Percentage Change of Mean Score from Study 1). See caption of Figure 3 for how to read the *Perf. Rank* column.

Study 3: Visual Conjunctive Search

- **Goal:** How strong is a combination of techniques (A,B) compared to each alone?
- 20 highlighted words for each of A, B, A+B
  – must choose only A+B
- 24 participants
- All pairs of techniques tried (36 trials total) per participant

Study 3 - results

results similar to study 2

	fs	bo	bg	red	bold	sha	und	spa	it
font size		-16.4	-9.7	-9.2	-32.4	-15.4	-17.7	-56.3	-71.5
border	-13.7		-21.9	-5.6	-14.3	-32.5	-77.1	-13.9	-74.9
background	0.5	-13.2		-34.7	-8.1	-37.5	-42.7	-23.8	-64.7
red	3.5	4.5	-31.2		-26.5	-39.2	-34.3	-30.6	-69.4
bold	-13.9	-0.7	-2.6	-23.2		-28.2	-34.7	-35.2	-64.5
shadow	4.8	-12.0	-25.2	-30.0	-23.0		-78.3	-43.3	-105.0
underlined	20.6	-22.3	-6.1	-2.5	-5.6	-45.7		8.9	-97.5
spacing	0.0	25.4	12.7	5.5	-0.4	-11.0	13.6		-73.9
italic	70.1	68.8	68.3	66.6	66.7	56.7		52.6	

Only underlined + spacing showed improvement over both individually

Study 3 - results

	fs	bo	bg	red	bold	sha	und	spa	it
font size		0.74	0.78	0.79	0.65	0.75	0.73	0.55	0.50
border	0.74		0.69	0.80	0.73	0.63	0.47	0.74	0.48
background	0.78	0.69		0.58	0.72	0.57	0.55	0.63	0.47
red	0.79	0.80	0.58		0.60	0.55	0.57	0.58	0.45
bold	0.65	0.73	0.72	0.60		0.58	0.55	0.55	0.45
shadow	0.75	0.63	0.57	0.55	0.58		0.40	0.50	0.35
underlined	0.73	0.47	0.55	0.57	0.55	0.40		0.64	0.29
spacing	0.55	0.74	0.63	0.58	0.55	0.50	0.64		0.32
italic	0.50	0.48	0.47	0.45	0.45	0.35	0.29	0.32	

Fig. 9: Absolute performance values of Study 3 (referenced as Matrix M3).

Guidelines

Scenarios:
- Only one feature should be highlighted
- Both features should have the same visibility; conjunctive visual search is not important
- Conjunction of features is more important than each individually
- One feature is significantly more important than the other
- Both features should have the same visibility; their conjunction should be easy to see

Only one feature

Choose a technique with strong pop-out

Examples:
- Font size
- Borders
- Yellow background

Same visibility; conjunction unimportant

Choose techniques with strong pop-out that do not significantly interfere with each other

Examples:
- Bold + yellow background
- Border + red
- Font size + yellow background
- Font size + border

Conjunction of features more important than each individually

Choose techniques that scored high in visual conjunction test

Examples:
- Border + red
- Font size + red
- Font size + yellow background

One feature significantly more important than the other

Choose techniques such that one has significantly higher pop-out

Examples:
- Yellow background + spacing
- Font size + underlined
- Border + italics

Same visibility, easy-to-see conjunction

Choose techniques with strong pop-out that do not significantly interfere with each other, whose conjunction is easy to see

Examples:
- Border + red
- Font size + yellow background
- Yellow background + bold

Discussion/Future Work

Increase **scope**
- Combinations of more than two techniques
- Include more techniques (eg. different colour combinations
- Include categorical/ordered/quantitative data
- Include tasks that require context/analysis
- Consider overlay visualizations

Comments/Critiques

- The guidelines for some scenarios are **very** similar, and multiple examples cover multiple scenarios
  – 3 studies for 5 scenarios
  – Some scenario refactoring would not be amiss
- I would have liked to see a larger scope
  – The authors don't misrepresent the scope
  – A larger scope would be a lot more work
  – **BUT** a larger set of matrices might reveal more clusters to fit the scenarios better

Comments/Critiques

- I would have liked to see a statement of expected results, based on existing understanding of marks and channels

Are there any

q u e s t i o n s ?