

Fighting Desert Fog – Residues of Views (Ztracker)



Critical Zones: residues of interesting views, zooming in reveals more interesting views (and critical zones representation of them) Calculating 1 crit-zone: Bounding box of all objs in current view Sub-divide and recurse:



- View-navigation theory provides a characterization of the properties that make an information structure navigable, adapted for spatial data
- Viewing-graph a d-graph, nodes = views, links = traversible paths between views
- A traversible world
- Short path must exists between all nodes
- All nodes must have small number of outlinks
- "Small" and "Short" is relative to the complexity of the viewing graph

Navigation Requirements

- All views must have good residue on all nodes
- All views must have small outlink info
- Good residue: correctly points out the shortest link to a node
- => In a zoomable world, merely providing residues solve the desert fog problem, because the lack residue means zoom-out
- outlink-info: the representation of the residue. E.g. a text label
- Small: Relative to number of overall views? Or navigator's info processing capabilities?
- => Grouping such as landmarking and ZTracker

Critique

Strengths

- Novel concept: providing residue of views, not of
 Thorough treatment of the subject from an
- implementation pov and a theoretical pov

Weaknesses

- Ztracker algorithm might be expensive. Some heuristics?
- Repeating diagrams with small differences makes navigating the paper confusing
- More examples of desert fog please?

Q&A

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