CS 544 Experimental Design

What is experimental design? What is an experimental hypothesis? How do I plan an experiment? Why are statistics used? What are the important statistical methods?

Acknowledgement: Some of the material in this lecture is based on material prepared for similar courses by Saul Greenberg (University of Calgary)

Quantitative ways to evaluate systems

- Quantitative:
 - precise measurement, numerical values
 - bounds on how correct our statements are

• Methods

- Controlled Experiments
- Statistical Analysis

Measures

- Objective: user performance (speed & accuracy)
- Subjective: user satisfaction

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df	.10	.05	.01	df	.10	.05	.01
2	2.92	4.30	9.92	16	1.75	2.12	2.92
3	2.35	3.18	5.84	18	1.73	2.10	2.88
4	2.13	2.78	4.60	20	1.72	2.09	2.84
5	2.02	2.57	4.03	22	1.72	2.07	2.82
				24	1.71	2.06	2.80
6	1.94	2.45	3.71				
7	1.89	2.36	3.50				
8	1.86	2.31	3.35	Critical value (threshold) that t			
9	1.83	2.26	3.25	statistic	much ro	ach to a	chieve
10	1.81	2.23	3.17	significa	ince.		unieve
11	1.80	2.20	3.11				
12	1.78	2.18	3.05	How does critical value change			
13	1.77	2.16	3.01				
14	1.76	2.14	2.98	based or	n df and	confide	nce
15	1.75	2.13	2.95	level?			































































...I *strongly recommend* that you take EPSE 592: Design and Analysis in Educational Research (Educational Psychology and Special Education)

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